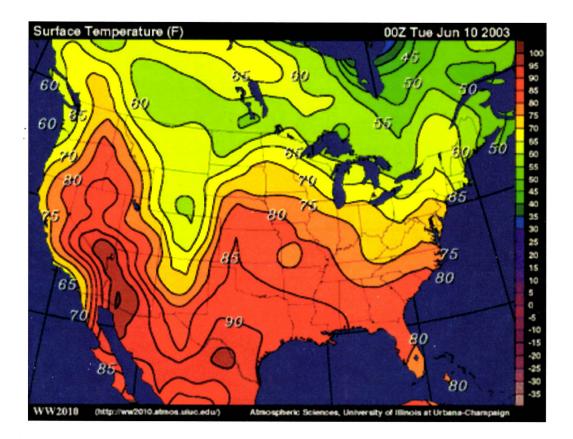
CLASS 6 HANDOUTS NOTES ON ASSIGNMENTS Assignment 6 ANNOUNCEMENTS EXAM 1: MONDAY, MARCH 7 223A GRADER: NEGAN PAASCHE 223B GRADER CHANDRA PANIYAR RE-EXAMINE $f(x,y) = \frac{x^2y}{x^2 + 2y^2}$ for $(x,y) \neq (0,0)$ $\begin{array}{cccc} \lim_{(X,Y) \to (0,0)} & f(X,Y) & \text{DOES NOT EXIST.} \\ (X,Y) \to (0,0) & & & \\ \hline \chi^2 = (X,Y), & & & \\ \hline \chi^2 \to & & & \\ \hline Let & & & & \\ \hline \chi \to & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$ Then $f(x,y) = f(x,mx) = M^{2}$ $1 + 2m^{2}$ $m/(1+2m^2)$ m 0 0 1 1/3 2/9 5 - 1/3 -1

What about S: IR2 -> IR1 $f'(\vec{x}) = \lim_{h \to \vec{0}} \int_{\vec{x}} f(\vec{x} + \vec{h}) - f(\vec{x})$ hto DIVISION by the makes no sense Infinitely many ways h -> o PAIRTIAL SOLUTION CONSIDER 2 Special clases for h t-20 OF Jy, Jy, D[2](F) 21/2x, Jx, DE17(F) PARTIAL DERIVATIVE WITH Partial Derivative with respect to y Respect to X TREAT y as a constant. Use usual rules of differentiation on x

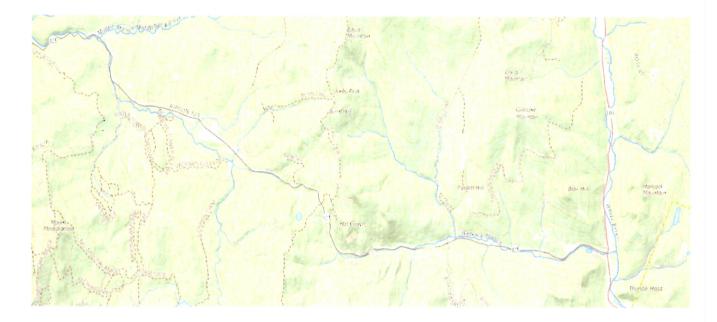
Example $f(x, y) = x^2 y$ point (3,4) $\mathcal{J}_{\chi}(x,y) = 2\chi y \qquad \mathcal{J}_{\chi}(x,y) = \chi^2$ $f_{x}(3,4) = 2.3.4 = 24$ $f_{y}(3,4) = 9$ WORK OUT From De Sininon $f_{\chi}(x_{y}) = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{f(x+t,y) - f(x,y)}{t}$ $= \lim_{x \to 2} (x + t)^2 y - x^2 y$ 1-70 土 = $lin (x^2 + 2x + t^2) y - x^2 y$ 大-70 2×±x+Ezy £ lin t-v = lux (2xy+ t y) t=0 Zxzy What is seconetric meaning?

Other Instances of Level Curves



Today's Weather

Topographic Curve



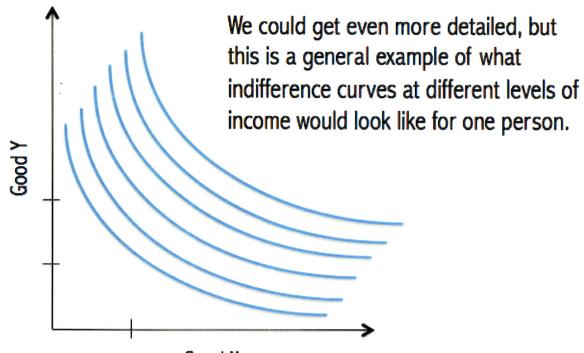
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Indifference Curves



Good X